



23002-v 2-NBDG

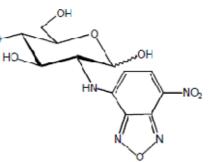
Reagent for Monitoring Glucose Uptake into Single, Living Cells

The vial contains exactly 0.52 mg ($1.5 \mu \text{mol}$) of 2-NBDG, which has been lyophilized as an amorphous powder from aqueous solution.

- **Solution**: Carefully open the cap. Pour 7**50 μl of distilled water** into the vial. Close the cap tightly. Shake well until all the contents are dissolved. This procedure furnishes a **2 mM** solution of the titled compound.
- **Please note**: Depending on the purpose of the experiment, the solution prepared above should be diluted with the optimum pH buffer. For mammalian cells, pH 7.4 is strongly recommended, while for bacteria, a neutral buffer (pH 6.8-7.0) may be used. General procedure for the experiment using 2-NBDG is described in reference 3) below.
- **Storage**: Storage of the prepared solution is not recommended. (solution)

Storage: The undissolved compound should be stored at -20° C in the dark. (powder)

Structure:



2-[N-(7-Nitrobenz-2-oxa-1,3-diazol-4-yl)amino]-2-deoxy-D-glucose (M.W. 342.26) $C_{12}H_{14}N_4O_8$

References:

- 1) K. Yoshioka, et al., Biochim. Biophys. Acta, 1289, 5 (1996). (Original)
- 2) K. Yamada, et al., J. Biol. Chem., **275**, 22278 (2000). (*Measurement of Glucose Uptake in Living Mammalian Cells*)
- 3) K. Yamada, et al., Nature Protocols, 2, 753 (2007). (Chem. Synthesis & Protocols for Measurement)
- 4) J.V. Rocheleau, et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A., **101**, 12899 (2004). (Monitoring of Glucose Uptake and NAD(P)H Response in Islet)

2-NBDG is sold for research purposes only and not for use in humans.